

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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GREENSBORO, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1911.

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THE COMMISSIONERS ELECT CITY OFFICIALS

John S. Michaux City Clerk and Ira B. Isley
Chief of Police--Executive Session for Election of Officers.

The Board of Commissioners in session yesterday elected the following officers, the election being behind closed doors and contrary to section 54 of the new charter under which the city's governing body will work:

City Clerk, John S. Michaux.
Chief of Police, Ira B. Isley.
First Sergeant, J. R. Barnes.
Second Sergeant, R. E. Pearce.
City Physician, A. R. Wilson.
Health Officer, J. W. Donovan.
City Attorney, A. Wayland Cooke.
Prosecuting Attorney, E. D. Kuyken-
dall.
Cemetery Keeper, Charles Hiatt.
Treasurer, E. A. Brown.
Mayor Pro-Tem, J. G. Foushee, Jr.
Inspector, R. H. Milton.

Yesterday afternoon, following the second executive session the following business was transacted: New police officers elected. D. F. Causey, W. H. Foushee, A. B. McFarland, W. T. McCuton, C. A. Jones, E. E. Glenn, D. E. Hepler, J. M. Pugh. All the officers were sworn in, except Causey, Glenn, Hepler and Pugh, these being sworn in later.

After the officers were elected Commissioner Brown moved that the salary of the Judge of Municipal Court be increased from \$1,000 to \$1,200 per annum. The salary of the city attorney was fixed at \$500 as was the salary of the prosecuting attorney. The salary of the other officers remained as formerly. Commissioner Brown also moved that the police officers be required to give bond in the sum of \$500 each, the chief of police, the health officer and the meat and milk inspector \$1.00 each, the mayor and the treasurer at \$10,000 each. This motion was carried.

The board fixed 2:30 p. m. as the hour for the daily sessions.

A general cleanup in the police force was expected, but the result was a little surprise to some. Mr. Isley, the chief, has been on the police force for several years and has made an excellent officer. Mr. Isley did not make application for the position of chief and his election came as a great surprise. Chief Neely, his predecessor, has served for the past six years and prior to that time he served as patrolman for two and a half years. He has made a most efficient officer and while he has made enemies by his strict attention to the duties imposed upon him, he gives up official life with the warm friendship of a large percentage of the best people in the city.

First Sergeant J. R. Barnes is no stranger in Greensboro, having served as first sergeant until two years ago. Second Sergeant Pearce has made good during the past two years as his reelection testifies. The new patrolmen, E. E. Glenn and J. M. Pugh, have both seen service on the police force. Mr. Glenn serving as extra officer at odd times during the past two years and before that time was a regular officer. Mr. Pugh was on the force several years ago. Officers H. S. Patterson and J. R. Jeffreys, the deposed patrolmen, have both made good as officers.

The action of the commissioners in

Special to Telegram.

AMERICAN seamen are to be honored by a tablet to be unveiled in Bancroft Memorial hall at the Annapolis Naval Academy May 11. President Taft has been asked to attend the exercises, and it is expected that members of his cabinet and representatives of the various patriotic societies will be present. The tablet is the work of William Couper, the distinguished New York sculptor, and its cost was \$5,000. More than 1,000 pounds of bronze were used in making the tablet, which is on a panel nine feet eleven inches high and five feet four inches wide. At the bottom of the tablet is the inscription prepared by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, as follows: "In memory of the American seamen who, on ship of war and privateer, fought gallantly for the independence of the United States, which they did so much to win, the Daughters of the Revolution place this tablet here." The design of the tablet, executed in low relief, shows the deck of a Revolutionary vessel during action. The ship has been struck, and smoke is rising from the bulwarks. In the foreground stands a sailor with arm upraised, as if pointing out some object. Behind him is another sailor kneeling and sighting a gun, while farther back another man is approaching, bearing a cannon ball. The work has been highly praised by those who have seen the design.

ANOTHER DOCTOR JOINS IN FIGHT AGAINST HOOKWORM

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, May 4.—Dr. P. W. Covington, of Rockingham, has given up his private practice to assume the duties of district director of the campaign against hookworm disease. Dr. Covington is to be congratulated on receiving this important appointment, and on having the opportunity for extending his valuable work over a large territory. He, like the other three district directors already in the work in the State, is well fitted to fill his office. He received his academic education at Davidson College, and his medical education at the University of North Carolina and the University of Maryland. After serving as hospital resident physician for one year he located at Rockingham. There he has built up a splendid practice, has held important medical appointments, and won the esteem of the country at large.

The three physicians already holding positions as district directors are Drs. B. W. Page, C. F. Strozier and C. L. Pruden. These, with Dr. Jno. A. Ferrell, the State Director of the campaign, make four physicians giving their entire time to the hookworm campaign. Besides the physicians there are six microscopists in the laboratory of hygiene at Raleigh devoting their entire time to making the examinations for hookworm infection.

Since the beginning of the campaign more than 20,000 people in the State have availed themselves of the opportunity for having free examinations

TWENTY-ONE BILLS OF INDICTMENT IN DYNAMITING CASE

Special to Telegram.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 4.—Ortie E. McManigal, who gave information which led to the arrest of the two McNamara brothers and himself, appeared before the grand jury this afternoon and furnished information on which twenty-one indictments were voted to be returned tomorrow morning.

One of the indictments charges McManigal with dynamiting the Llewellyn Iron Works in this city last Christmas and another charges J. J. McNamara with furnishing the funds and planning the plot.

Nineteen other indictments charge J. B. McNamara and J. J. McNamara with murder in connection with the Times disaster.

Notice To Red Men. You are requested to meet in the wigwam today at one o'clock to attend the funeral of Bro. A. S. Harward's wife, A. A. Kessler, Sachem.

made for the disease. Approximately one-third of them have shown infection. The rapid progress made in educating the people on the eradication of the disease and general sanitation, and their spirited response point to the ultimate eradication of this and allied diseases. The workers should have the hearty co-operation of every citizen.



Tablet to Memory of American Seamen to Be Unveiled May 11

LAWS

Regarding Quarantine for Smallpox Repealed by Last Legislature.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, May 4.—The statement was made at the office of the Corporation Commission today that the commission has decided to reserve its ruling in the petition for the Weldon-Raleigh shoo-fly to continue its run to Hamlet until July 1. There has been no time set for the ruling in this case but the order disposing of the case one way or another has been expected almost daily for some time.

The Wake County Superior Court delayed the forenoon to taking testimony in the case of Mrs. J. S. Grogan, of Winston-Salem, vs Capt. S. A. Ashe, executor of the estate of the late Mrs. Henrietta P. Martin, who died here six years ago leaving an estate of nearly one hundred thousand dollars. The Grogans are suing for \$4,500 legacy, complaining that they have never received any part of their share of the estate, Mrs. Martin having been an aunt of Mrs. Grogan. The court, Judge Whedbee presiding, intimated purpose to give judgment for \$3,500 portion of the claim and reserves ruling as to another \$1,000 legacy which it is claimed has an offset. J. S. Grogan was here as counsel for his wife in the case.

The jury in Wake Superior Court sat in the case of George M. Harden and W. H. Osborn, the latter of Greensboro, against the Southern and the C. & O. Railroad Company for damage to a car of horses through a stallion having gotten loose among them and kicked and bit several of them badly, has returned a verdict to \$710. The suit was for \$1,000.

The Big Creek Telephone Company of Westfield, Stokes county, is chartered with \$10,000 capital, by J. C. Franks and others. Local exchanges and long distance service are both provided for.

In the case pending sometime before the Corporation Commission involving the right of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad Company to charge a wharfage fee at Washington and New Bern for freight taken by steamboat companies at Norfolk and delivered there at the Carolina ports for shipment inland, notable to Greenville and Kinston, the commission finds that the wharfage is discriminatory as compared with Elizabeth City, Belhaven and Morehead where no wharfage is charged. If levied at one point the commission holds the fee should be levied at all other wharfs of the company where like conditions exist. The petition was principally by the Lake Drummond Transportation Company.

Attention was directed recently to the fact that the recent Legislature, at the instance of the State Board of Health, had repealed, in revising the State health laws, the section that required quarantine to be maintained by the authorities when smallpox appears in any community. Now there is just issued by Secretary W. S. Rankin flaming posters to be put up throughout the State giving notice and warning of this change and pointing out general vaccination as the only means of preventing the spread of the disease. The notice sets out that quarantine is an uncertain and expensive protection and designated as class protection as the majority of people have now been vaccinated. A decided spirit of resentment for this change by the State Board is being manifested and the situation is aggravated here by the fact that there is a case of smallpox reported here and no quarantine.

The Traveler's Protective Association for North Carolina meets here tomorrow with indications that all eleven of the local posts in the State will be represented. There are 800 members. Preparations are made for a big barbecue for 150 people out at the State Fair grounds. The first session convenes at 10:30 o'clock. The travelers will be welcomed by Mayor James I. Johnson and C. L. Tomlinson, of High Point, will make the response.

May 8 to 11 there will be in session in this city the Woman's Misionary Society of the North Carolina Methodist Conference. Mrs. R. B. Johns being the president of the society. A special guest will be Mrs. R. W. McDonnell of Nash-

FREIGHT RATE CASE IS AGAIN POSTPONED

Interstate Commerce Commission Fixes Date of Hearing Case Against Norfolk & Western as June 15---May Give Relief.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, May 4.—The order of the Interstate Commerce Commission, several times postponed, for compelling the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company to give a more equitable and lower rate for freight shipped from Cincinnati and other points north and west, including Virginia cities, to Winston-Salem and Durham, North Carolina terminals of the road, gets another postponement by the Interstate Commission, this time to June 15 from May 15.

This is the case by the North Carolina Corporation Commission that is expected by the commission to give effective leverage for breaking up the discriminations in freight rates that have for so long afflicted North Carolina shipping points compared with Virginia cities.

The Interstate Commission advises the Carolina Commission that this postponement is on account of the Norfolk & Western having appealed from the order of the Interstate Commission to the Commerce Court. The Carolina Commission is advised that the argument before the Commerce Court will take place just as soon as possible after the court convenes May 17. This additional postponement comes as a distinct disappointment to the Corporation Commission, the commissioners having believed fully that the railroad companies had played their last card and were right up to the point of having to observe the order of the Interstate Commission.

The hope of the commission is that this reduced rate when in effect will help along a movement to force the Southern, the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line to reduce their rates to points in North Carolina that are much higher than to Virginia cities in spite of the fact that the freight is hauled in their case right through the Carolinas to reach the "Virginia Gateways."

AVERAGE AMOUNT OF CAPITAL PER MAN.

Washington, D. C., May 4.—If you cannot run your hand into your pocket and haul forth a roll of \$34.55 you are not financially an average man. A statement just issued by the United States treasury department gives that amount as the per capita circulation, basing the figures upon an estimated population of May 1, 1911, of 93,705,000. The department showed that on that date there was a general stock of money amounting to \$3,546,574,237, which included \$408,936,220 held in the treasury and \$8,237,638,117 in circulation.

TAFT MAY REVIEW PARADE.

Every President Since Grant Has Seen March of Sunday School Children. Washington, May 4.—Representative Calder, of Brooklyn, received a tentative promise from President Taft to day to witness the annual parade of Brooklyn Sunday school children June 8. Mr. Calder said 200,000 children would be in the parade. Every President of the United States since Grant's time has witnessed these parades.

PANIC FOLLOWED FIRE IN NEW YORK FACTORY

Special to Telegram.

New York, May 4.—Between thirty and forty girls and women were injured, a number of them seriously, during a panic which followed a fire at the factory of Leon Pearl, a ribbon establishment, at 550 Broadway, this afternoon as the employees were leaving the factory.

An awning caught in the rear of the building and caused the alarm. One thousand fled in a panic from the building, tearing away the railings from the doors, fearing a repetition of the horrible affair here several weeks ago. Many had their clothes torn off in the rush and scores were knocked down. The in-

jured were trampled over by those who kept on their feet as if they were devoid of feeling. Guards at the windows prevented employees from leaping out.

Children March From Burning School Building.

Special to Telegram. Brooklyn, May 4.—When the smoke from a fire on the first floor of the Stagg Street Brooklyn School floated into the rooms on the second floor this afternoon a number of the teachers started music and others gave the fire drill. Fifteen hundred children marched out without injury, owing to their perfect discipline.

MADERO APPEALS TO DIAZ TO GIVE UP PRESIDENCY

Special to Telegram.

El Paso, Texas, May 4.—At the second session of the peace conference, which began at 4 o'clock this afternoon, Madero, Jr., through his peace commissioner, Gomez, presented to Judge Carbajal, the Mexican envoy, an appeal to Diaz to make public the assurances given privately that he intends to resign. After offering his resignation as president of the provisional government of the Republic, Madero suggested that both Diaz and Vice President Corral resign and that Senor De La Barras, Minister of Foreign Relations, become president until a general election can be held.

Fighting May Be Resumed Today.

El Paso, Texas, May 4.—When the

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If "money talks" it should have much to say about the Lorimer case, as money was undoubtedly responsible for his election.

The Danbury Reporter's editorials are set double column and in poster type. The Reporter is bound to bring its opinions to the attention of its readers.

The Third National Peace Conference is in session in Baltimore. Now that the elections are over most any town in North Carolina would be a proper place for the assembling of a peace conference.

An Alabama negro, sentenced to serve fifteen years in the penitentiary and paroled on condition of good behavior, is in prison again. His parole was revoked for chicken stealing. No little thing like fifteen years in the penitentiary will deter the average negro from appropriating chickens when the opportunity to do so is offered.

One of the Telegram's weekly contemporaries has an editorial entitled "The Weather Situation." That is a most difficult subject for a weekly to handle. It is difficult for a daily paper to discuss the weather, because the weather is likely to change before the paper can be printed and distributed to its readers.

THE NATIONAL GOOD ROADS CONGRESS.

It is estimated that three thousand delegates will attend the National Good Roads Congress, which assembles in Birmingham the latter part of this month. Among the delegates and visitors to the Congress will be some of the most distinguished citizens of the United States, including statesmen and men prominent in educational and business affairs. Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State Geologist of North Carolina, has accepted an invitation to address the Congress. His subject will be "State Supervision of Public Roads."

The Guilford County Good Roads Association has appointed delegates to attend the Birmingham meeting, the delegates being President Lindley and Secretary Trogdon and the Editor of The Telegram. It is hoped that at least one of this county's representatives will be able to attend the Congress; and in case Guilford is represented, it is the intention to do some advertising in Birmingham of this county's good roads. Views of Guilford roads will be shown and steps taken to bring before the thousands of good roads advocates assembled in Birmingham the fact of the superiority of this county's roads. Guilford undoubtedly leads all the counties of this State in road building and there are few counties in the South able to make a better showing or boast of finer roads. At the Good Roads Congress due attention will be directed to these facts by the Guilford delegates.

OLD NEWSPAPER FILES PASS TO CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY.

The State of Georgia has lost one of the most valuable newspaper files in existence. This was the issues of the Augusta Chronicle from its first number in 1786 up to 1909, with the exception of the issues for five years, which are missing from this collection. The papers have passed to the ownership of the Library of Congress in Washington City.

The sale was made by Terence Doonan of Atlanta, who acquired them from a man who had owned them for upwards of 40 years—an old bookman and junk dealer of Macon.

Mr. Doonan bought these files for \$1,000 and held them for several years until he was able to negotiate a sale to the national library, which paid him \$7,500 for them. It is said, the Library of Congress has a rule in accordance with which it pays \$1 an issue for desirable old files back of 1800. But in this case an exception was made and for the oldest of the files \$5 an issue was paid. The Chronicle was not then, however, a daily paper.

The man from whom Mr. Doonan bought the files, it is said, purchased them from a former editor of the Chronicle about 40 years ago for \$50. It is also stated that the Chronicle at one time endeavored to recover these files, but thought the price at which the owner then held them, said to have been \$200, was too high.

Possibly there was no more valuable set of newspaper files in the South than

these. They included the very first issues of the Chronicle, October, 1786, right on through to 1799, and the years 1801, 1802, 1803, 1806, 1807, 1808 and 1809.

The Chronicle was then the official paper of the State, and in it were published not only the usual official announcements, but also all acts of the legislature and reports of the house and senate committees. Its contents thus make it of great historical value, particularly as they include also the reports of the constitutional conventions of 1788-89 and of 1798.

The Augusta Chronicle has its files now for a little more than 100 years back, but the most valuable of them will now remain for all time with the Library of Congress in Washington.

WHAT NORTH CAROLINA EDITORS ARE SAYING.

Getting Ahead of The Telegram. Merely to cut the Greensboro Telegram out of fiendish joy at perpetrating such why we wish to remark that Hyde's was a skin-game.—Wilmington Dispatch.

The Rural Patrolmen of Charlotte.

The Charlotte News is claiming that one of their "rangers" has been awarded a Carnegie hero medal. We understand the medal is for covering the most rural territory of any city policeman in the United States.—Raleigh Times.

Plans for Solving the Senate Problem. Congressman Berger wants to shove the United States Senate off the earth. Better plan would be to shove a number of Senators into political oblivion and Florida. It is the intention of the organization to extend the area of its operations to include Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas, so that fifty companies shall benefit by the efforts of the association and more than \$25,000,000 of capital and assets be represented. Complete cooperation between members is being practiced, and even the few Southern companies not members of the association are enjoying some advantage from the movement.

The Telegram has the matter sized up right. All of the Republicans, except possibly one or two to furnish a little amusement should be pushed out and good Democrats put in their places. Then, we might possibly spare a few of the Democrats, and if their States can't do better than they have been doing we might let their seats remain vacant.

Raleigh Times.

A Healthy Superintendent.

The Guilford county commissioners have decided that the county needs a superintendent of health to devote all his time to the duties of the office, and to that end have appropriated \$2,500 for the salary and expenses of such an official. We look forward to time when every county in the State shall have such a department. The office, as contemplated by the Guilford commissioners, will be much wider than that filled by the old county physician, a familiar figure in many Southern States. This functionary is merely physician to the poor, and, useful as he has often proved, is not expected to be a leader of the people in health matters. His meager salary is usually well-earned if he takes care of the medical needs of the destitute.

A county superintendent of health is a very different figure. His remuneration is to be set at such a sum as will enable him to devote his best effort to developing the large possibilities of his office. He will be given opportunity to come into intimate contact with the high school pupils of the county and it will be one of his most important duties to see to it not only that the sanitary arrangements of the schools are up to the standard but that the boys and girls enrolled are taught the rudimentary principles, at any rate, of the science of sanitation. It will not be necessary to make them sanitary experts; there are a large number of simple facts connected most vitally with the matter of community health which have long been neglected in our school courses.

If the new official shall be able to remedy this neglect and to do little else, his salary and expenses will be found a most excellent investment of the county funds.

When the office shall have become systematized, as it were, institutes for adults, organized on the lines so successfully adopted for the farmers' institutes, will be a logical step. These are but suggestions as to the possibilities contained in germ in the Guilford innovation. The details will be actual practice. It appears that the next decade holds splendid possibilities of advance for the people of this State. With the health of these people bettered, the limit to their possibilities will be still further enlarged.—Raleigh Times.

Southern Fire Insurance.

More than thirty-five insurance companies domiciled in the South have begun a movement in behalf of their own interests and are asking the people of the South to support this movement. Their principal purpose in this working together is to obtain a greater share of the fire insurance business of the South. They are depending wholly upon "the integrity of their contracts" and the known facts of their underwriting ability for the additional business they would do. As the Louisville Courier-Journal puts it: "There has been manifested no disposition to exploit the fact that blood is thicker than water." The

companies interested have contented themselves with showing that fire premiums kept at home enlarge the circulation of money in the South and assist very materially in the development of that section, provided that the home companies are given all the business they can write.

The most trustworthy fire insurance statistics show that during the last three decades fourteen Southern States paid \$707,098,387 for fire protection. Of this sum, only \$68,181,112 was paid to companies domiciled in these States, while the tremendous balance of \$639,517,275 went to the North and to Europe, leaving not even the most indirect of advantages to the section that produced and paid out the money. These figures "may well interest not only Southern underwriters, but Southern financiers and other men of affairs as well."

The territory now covered by the association referred to comprises Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida. It is the intention of the organization to extend the area of its operations to include Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas, so that fifty companies shall benefit by the efforts of the association and more than \$25,000,000 of capital and assets be represented. Complete cooperation between members is being practiced, and even the few Southern companies not members of the association are enjoying some advantage from the movement.

The underwriting record of the Southern companies upon which is based the chief argument in their campaign for Southern business, is a strikingly clean and honorable one when compared with the experience of the country as a whole. Searching scrutiny of the records of Southern companies that retired from the field during the last thirty years shows a very small financial loss, and that loss was borne almost entirely by the stockholders. The only loss to policy-holders of any consequence is chargeable to the San Francisco disaster, and in that case the Southern company involved settled with its San Francisco policy-holders upon a much more generous basis than many of the Northern and European companies, though the settlement cost the company its exist-

ence.

A great majority of Southern companies which retired during the past thirty years did so under full liquidation to their stockholders, and in many cases they liquidated at a considerable premium above par. The number of Southern companies which liquidated in that period was not nearly so great proportionately as the number of Eastern and Northern companies when, for one reason or another, they went out of business.

The case for the Southern companies involves two considerations: First, the benefit to the South through circulation of money at home; second, the certainty of protection they afford as shown by their record in the past. These two reasons should command the movement to the careful consideration of the people of the South.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

PILE CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or

Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

A Trick.

The annual banquet of the Society of Royal Teutons was waxing old, and the waiters held close vigil over the silverware. Brauer espied Schintz dexterously slip the diminutive spoon from the saucer of a demi-tasse into the secret recesses of a breast pocket.

The demon of avarice was aroused, but the watchful eyes of the waiters barred emulation. Brauer arose in his place at the table.

"Loidies undt chentlemen," began Brauer, "I show you a trick. To show I am no cheat or savindler, I pull up my sleeves. So.

"Now I toike de leetle spoon from my cup undt I putt it in mine coat pocket. So. Now I hold up both hands undt walk around der table to Mr. Schnitz. So. Now I putt mine handt in Mr. Schnitz's pocket undt I toike outt der leetle spoon. Dere, Loidies undt chentlemen! So."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo-OHIO.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Another difference is that the old-fashioned wife was willing to be man's better half and the new one wants to be the whole thing.—Dallas News.

Two.

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WHEN WILL THIS MYSTERY BE SOLVED?

—Jones in Boston Herald.

The Mule Ran Away.

A countryman came to the town and saw a watermelon for the first time. "What is that?" said he.

"It is a mule's egg," was the reply.

The countryman bought the watermelon, and started for home. On the way the watermelon fell from the donkey's back and broke open. Just at that moment a hare crossed the road.

"There goes my mule," said the countryman.

"Oh, my dear wife," he said, later on, when he reached home, "I bought a beautiful mule's egg in the town, but I was most unfortunate for the egg broke, and the little mule came out and ran away."

Fortune is unstable, while our will is free.—Diogenes Laertius.

The woman who wants to look up in the world these days must of necessity take her hat off.—Florida Times-Union.

How shall I be able to rule over others, that have not full power and command of myself?—Rabelais.

In the Wake of the Measles.

The little son of Mrs. O. B. Palmer, Little Rock, Ark., had the measles. The result was a severe cough which grew worse and he could not sleep. She says:

"One bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound completely cured him and he has never been bothered since." Croup, Whooping cough, measles, cough all yield to Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. The genuine is in the yellow package always. Refuse substitutes. For sale by Howard Gardner.

"It was a terrible sensation," says the man who is narrating his experiences while almost drowning. "After I went down for the third time my past life flashed before me in a series of pictures." You didn't happen to notice, asks the friend, edging forward with interest, "a picture of me lending you \$10 in the fall of 1898, did you?" —Life.

Saved Child From Death.

"After our child had suffered from severe bronchial trouble for a year," wrote G. T. Richardson, of Richardson's Mills, Ala., "we feared it had consumption. It had a bad cough all the time. We tried many remedies without avail, and doctor's medicine seemed as useless. Finally we tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and are pleased to say that one bottle effected a complete cure, and our child is again strong and healthy." For coughs, colds, hoarseness, lagrippe, asthma, croup and sore lungs, its the most infallible remedy that's made. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

As 1912 draws nigh Tama Jim Wilson would appreciate it if somebody would put the Secretaryship of Agriculture under the civil service.—Washington Post.

Foley Kidney Pills take hold of your system and help you to rid yourself of your dragging backache, dull headache, nervousness, impaired eyesight, and of all the ills resulting from the impaired action of your kidneys and bladder. Remember it is Foley Kidney Pills that do this. For sale by Howard Gardner.

It is hard for a United States Supreme Justice to understand why a baseball umpire doesn't exercise his right to place the bleachers in contempt of court.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Burglar's Awful Deed may not paralyze a home so completely as a mother's long illness. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a splendid remedy for women. "They gave me wonderful benefit in constipation and female trouble," wrote Mrs. M. C. Dunn, of Leadill, Tenn. If ailing, try them. 25c at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

The many additional and exclusive advantages gained by the installation of our nice line of plumbing fixtures by our skilled workmen are appreciated by practical health loving people. Ask for our estimate. We are at your service.

You will find nine artists at

The Hotel Guilford

Barber Shop

C. W. EDWARDS, Prop.

American Beauty ROSES

There is hardly any flower that is so much admired.

A big bunch of these superb flowers make a handsome : : :

COMMENCEMENT BOUQUET

J. Van Lindley Nursery Company

COAL and WOOD

Phone No. 8

TAYLOR & HIRE

New Livery Stable



Phone 17. 310 S. Davis

Anything You Want in the Fresh Meat Line.

Smokes That Satisfy.

Clip the end off one of our Cigars, place it in your mouth, light evenly, draw gently and your first expression will be, "Ah! that is what I call a real cigar." If you want to say that this is a claim—all right, let it go at that. Just stop in and see if this claim isn't so. We have good cigars and we know that you will admit it. Smoke them! Prove it yourself. Our electric moisture always keeps our cigars in good condition.

FARISS-KLUTZ Drug Company

The Store That Appreciates Your Business.

You Will Eventually Use and Recommend Justice Remedy for Croup and Pneumonia

WHY NOT BEGIN NOW?

It is an ideal preparation, made right, and will please you. Try it and if it is not entirely satisfactory your dealer will cheerfully refund your money.

The Commercial National Bank

Will pay you 4 per cent on your
money if deposited April 1st.

Why Not Open an Account?

F. B. RICKS, President. E. J. STAFFORD, Vice President.
I. F. PEEBLES, Assistant Cashier. F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.

Which Would Be Best?

If the Greensboro Loan and Trust Co. is designated by you, in your will, to be executor of your estate, don't you know that because of its perfect system of book-keeping your heirs may step in any day during business hours and learn exactly the condition of the estate? An individual with no form of book-keeping and interested in other things, cannot give you this information without "figuring it out." And it will cost no more to have the Greensboro Loan and Trust Co. act as your executor or trustee than it will if an individual acts—and the Trust Co. is always at its office.

J. W. FRY, President. W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

When the Baby is Born

Start the little fellow as a bank depositor. Open an account in his own name, and every week or month deposit a small amount for him—even if it's only a dollar. In this way his money will grow as he grows. And when he reaches manhood, not only will he have learned the value and use of money—but he'll have money to use.

With capital of \$300,000 and resources of \$1,350,000—conservatively managed by men of known integrity and ability—this bank is one of the strongest in the state.

The 4% interest we pay on savings, compounded four times a year, makes your money grow.



CAPTAIN B. W. HODGES.

Commander of the Wisconsin,
One of the Big Battleships.



American
Exchange Bank
Greensboro, N.C.

TO-NIGHT
Cascareto
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Matching For a Dog

It Seemed the Only Way to
Determine Its Ownership

By F. A. MITCHEL

Copyright by American Press Association, 1911.

A boy of seven on being told to write a story about a dog wrote it as follows:

I love Shep, and Shep loves me.

That was all there was of the composition.

Shep was a collie dog, and a very intelligent one. The only other case I have ever known of equal love between a human being and a brute was between my pointer Rex and myself. I used Rex for hunting woodcock. How I did love that dog, and how he didn't love me! Why in the world he couldn't speak to me I don't know. He could talk with his eyes, though not with his tongue. Many a conversation I have had with him, I speaking with my voice, he with his eyes.

Rex was stolen from me, and I didn't see him again for several years.

One October I was hunting in another field. I had possessed other dogs

but none whatever between you and me."

"I should think not!"

I repressed a smile. "Well," I said, "what are we going to do about it?"

"I bought Jack—Jack, I say. He is not Rex, as you call him, at all. I bought Jack for \$10, and he's my dog."

"I didn't get the \$10."

"That's nothing to me."

"I'll match you for him."

Now, while by matching her for the dog I meant to play at heads and tails with a coin, she was so pretty, so feminine in her bursts of impotent anger, that in my heart I intended to convey the impression that I wouldn't mind settling the ownership of the dog by a union of claimants.

"What do you mean by matching for him?" she asked.

I took two coins from my pocket and gave her one, laid the other covered on the back of my hand and asked her to show one side of the coin I had given her. She showed me "heads." I uncovered my coin, and it was "tails."

"The dog is mine," I said.

Again she bristled.

"You were to match me and failed," I added.

"Well, I declare!"

She could not evidently find words to express her horror and contempt at my taking such an advantage of her. She tossed the coin at me viciously, but I caught it.

"That method of deciding the matter between us doesn't seem to please you."

"I should say not. Besides, there's nothing to decide. The dog belongs to me."

"But how are you to prevent his going home with me? You saw that I couldn't drive him away."

This was a stumper. She made no reply. She was evidently trying to think of a way out of it.

"You will tire yourself standing," I said. "Won't you be seated on this log?"

"No. I thank you."

"Then you will pardon me for sitting while you stand. I'm very tired, and I see no way of coming to an agreement."

I sat down, took a pipe from my pocket and proceeded to fill it, asking if she would mind my smoking. She did not reply, and since silence gives consent I lit the pipe.

"I suppose," she said presently, "I'll have to pay you for the dog. It's very mean of you, but—"

"I don't wish to sell him."

"Then what in the world are we going to do?"

"I think we'd better have a conference."

"We seem to be having one, a very long and—disagreeable one."

"If you will sit down and talk reasonably I believe we can come to a satisfactory agreement."

She looked a long while at the log and finally sat down on its other end.

"Now," I said, puffing a cloud, "what do you propose?"

"What do you propose?"

"I proposed a match, but you didn't appear to like that way."

"It's perfectly absurd."

"Nevertheless I'm quite resolved that it shall be settled by that plan."

She thought for some time while I read what she was thinking in the expression of her face. By matching she would have an equal chance of winning the dog. By refusing she would surely lose him, for he would go with me. I got out the coins again.

"I match you this time," I said. "Best two in three."

She sat looking straight ahead of her, not deigning to notice the coin I had laid out on the log for her. Glancing at it, I saw "heads" was up. I cried "tails!" Then, examining her coin and mine, I told her she had won on the first trial. This induced her to take some interest in the proceedings. I took care that she should win again and told her the dog was her property.

"But how am I to get him away from you?" she said in a more pleasant but puzzled tone.

"I don't see how you can," I replied, "unless I go with you."

"That's the plan," she said, much pleased. "You go with me, and I'll chain him to his kennel."

"Let me have your whip," I said. "I'll see if I can drive him back to you."

"How ridiculous!"

It certainly was ridiculous, for she had me chained already, but I wasn't locked for a year afterward, when my matching plan, as I really intended it, was carried out and the dog passed into our united possession. All of which was nice for the dog, nice for the girl and lastly delightful for me. I often twit my wife upon her stupidity in not having understood my double meaning on our first meeting, whereupon she says she saw through the whole thing.

"Pardon me," I said to her. "I should have explained to you that this dog once belonged to me. I lost him, and he now appears to be your property. He's the nearest to a human being of any brute I ever knew."

"And I'm not quite sure but she did."

Friday Bargain Day

DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS UNTIL NOON

A Great List of Friday Bargains—Also the Sale of Silks, Sale of Millinery and Sale of Dress Goods Continues.

MAIN FLOOR.

19c. French Nainsook, 15c.
25c. Fine Dimity for 15c.
25c. Persian Lawn for 15c.
25c. French Batiste for 15c.
44 in. Cambric, 25c. quality for 15c.
25c. and 29c. Madras for 12 1-2c.
36 in. Long Cloth, 12 1-2c. quality for 10c.
30c. Long Cloth for 22c.
25c. Long Cloth for 19c.
15c. Nainsook for 12 1-2c.
25c. French Nainsook, 16c.
Paper Napkins, 5c. dozen.
Asbestos Table Mats, oval or round, 10c.
Jap Straw Table Mats, 10c. set.
Wood Darners with handles, 3c.
Whisk Brooms, 10c.
Dressmakers' Pins, 19c. box of 1-2 lb.
50c. Tension Shears, 25c.
Hold thread fast needles, regular, 5c., for 1c. paper.
Ladies' 60c. black silk hose for 36c. pair.
Ladies' black Onyx hose, medium weight, all sizes, 50c. quality for 36c.
Ladies' 39c. black gauze hose, 9 and 9 1/2, for 25c. pair.
Ladies' 25c. black hose, all sizes, choice 19c. pair.
Men's 50c. black and tan socks, 25c. pair.
Men's 50c. black socks in black, all sizes, 39c.
Men's 39c. Silk Socks, all sizes, black, tan and navy, 25c. pair.
Men's 50c. Silk Socks in black, all sizes, 39c.
Boys' "Buster Brown Overalls," sizes 7 to 14 years, 50c.
Boys' tan mercerized madras blouses, sizes 6, 7, 8 years, sold for 50c., reduced to 25c.
4 gowns, sold for 50c., reduced to 39c., sized to 6 years.
Girls' bloomers, sizes 6 to 14 years, valued up to 39c., for 25c.
Red and blue flannel reefer, sizes 2 to 6 years sold for \$1.25, reduced to 98c.
yards.

Silk Soutache, odd shades, 10c. dozen.
Persian Silk Rubber lined tourist case, regular \$3.98, slightly soiled for \$1.00.
CHILDREN'S STORE IN ANNEX.
Boys' wool suits, 1 each, sizes 3, 10, 13 years. Sold for \$3.98, reduced to \$1.98.
Boys' "Buster Brown Overalls," sizes 7 to 14 years, 50c.
Boys' tan mercerized madras blouses, sizes 6, 7, 8 years, sold for 50c., reduced to 25c.
4 gowns, sold for 50c., reduced to 39c., sized to 6 years.
Girls' bloomers, sizes 6 to 14 years, valued up to 39c., for 25c.
Red and blue flannel reefer, sizes 2 to 6 years sold for \$1.25, reduced to 98c.
yards.

THE KITCHEN

A Cup Pudding.

One cup of flour, one cupful of suet, one cupful of sugar, one cupful of milk, one cupful of breadcrumbs, one cupful of strawberry jam, half a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda. Mix well, and boil three hours in a well greased basin.

Stuffed Potatoes.

Choose some nice large potatoes and bake them. When quite done cut off an end and scoop out some of the inside. Fill up the hole with some cold meat chopped fine, season with pepper, salt and mace made into a paste with gravy. With the aid of the white of an egg, stick the end on again and bake for five minutes.

Ground Rice Sandwich.

Four eggs, half a pound of sugar, half a pound of rice. Beat the eggs for 10 minutes, then dredge in the sugar; beat for 10 minutes longer, and lastly add ground rice, again beating for 10 minutes. Bake in a sandwich tin for one hour in a slow oven.

Cheese Scouffle.

Yolks of four eggs, four ounces of grated cheese, one tablespoonful of flour, half a pint of milk. Put the yolks of the eggs in a basin with a little cayenne, salt, flavor and cheese. Work all together with a spoon until quite smooth; beat up the whites of the eggs to a stiff and add with the milk to the other ingredients. Pour into a deep buttered pie dish and bake.

Tomato Sauce.

Take tomatoes when perfectly ripe, put them into an earthenware pot and set them in an oven after the bread has been drawn. Let them continue there until they have become perfectly soft, then separate the skins from the pulp, and mix with capsicum vinegar, and a few cloves of garlic (pounded), a little powdered ginger, and salt to taste. Put the mixture into a small, wide-mouthed bottle, cork them well, and keep them in a dry and cool place. White vinegar, with cayenne pepper, may be used in the place of capsicum vinegar.

BARGAIN BASEMENT FOR FRIDAY.

36 in. Linenette in solid colors and 28 in. printed duck for skirts, 8 1-2c.

10 and 12 1-2c. Dress Ginghams, 8 1-2c.

Fine Shirting Madras, 20c. value in mill ends, 11c. yard.

Colored linen solid color repp suiting,

25c. values for 14c. yard.

Children's 12 1-2c. black hose, 10c.

Fresh Moth balls, 6c. lb.

200 remnants flounceings and remnants ribbon greatly reduced.

Ladies' \$1.00 umbrellas, 88c.

50c. corsets, all sizes, 39c.

Linen finish ginghams and 36 inch white linen finish, 10c. value for 8 1-2c.

Remnants bleaching and cambric, 6 1-2c.

32 in. double printed percale, 12 1-2c. value for 10c.

10c. printed dimity for 8 1-2c.

10c. Kilkenny linen, 7c.

Big lot ladies' muslin underwear, mussed, choice 50c.

Ladies' Summer Union Suits, 25c.

38 in. fine unbleached Sea Island, 10c. value for 8 1-2c.

10 and 12 1-2c. Bleaching, 36 inch wide 8 1-2c.

Large fluffy cotton bats

Want and Real Estate Department

Classified ads one cent a word each insertion. No ads taken for less than twenty-five cents for first insertion. Situation Wanted ads free one time.

WANTED.

WANTED—SECOND HAND FURNITURE. Phone 350. B. W. Terrell. 5-3-tf.

WANTED—TO BORROW MONEY IN amounts of \$100 to \$500 on first mortgage securities. Will pay 8 per cent interest per annum. Address box 42, Greensboro, N. C. 3-9-tf.

MALE HELP.

WANTED—MAN TO DO SMALL amount of office work and collecting. John Lewis & Sons. 5-5-1t*

WANTED—MEN TO TAKE THIRTY days practical course in our machine shop, learn automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—GOOD FAMILY HORSE. Address Box 69. 5-5-5t*

MODEL T FORD AUTOMOBILE, \$500 for quick sale. W. D. McAdoo. May 4-4t*

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS OF PARTS for machinery, shafting, pulleys, etc. Southern Junk & Hide Co., S. Davie Street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

G. K. GIBBS, of REIDSVILLE, WILL have his Thoroughbred Gergorian Stable Horse, Kemp P. Battle, on Saturday, May 6. 5-5-2t.

AMOOR RIVER PRIVETT, THE great southern hedge plant. Time to plant. Order while we have our present supply of extra fine plants. John A. Young & Sons, Greensboro Nurseries. 3-23, e.o.d. tf.

THOSE SOLID BRASS JARDINIERES for \$1.50 are the biggest special we have ever offered. Hagan's China Store. 5-4-3t

20 CAR LOADS OF GOOD WASHED sand for sale three quarters of a mile from railroad station on McAdam road, Apply to Jas. Bangle, Greensboro, Proximity. 4-29

JEWELERS.

J. B. ELLINGTON IS STILL SELLING good, honest jewelry at low prices; bring him all of your old gold and silver and he will give you new goods for it. His repairing is the best that can be had. All work guaranteed. 103 West Market street.

FOR WATCH AND JEWELRY REpairing you want to go to the least expensive place where the work is guaranteed and that's Peggs. Let Peggs do the work and you will have no complaint either as to price or as to service. 337 South Elm is the place.

NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE.
THE MACHINE OF KNOWN VALUE.

Repairs, Supplies and Needles for all Machines.

J. A. WRIGHT,
118 West Market St. Greensboro.
Phone 874.

A Want

expressed in these columns will be read by thousands among whom there must be some one who will have what you

Here

ask for and who will be just as anxious to grant your wishes and who will see that your ad is

Answered Promptly

Call 'Phone 59

THE GOBLINS OF COLOGNE.

Long ago in the Rhine city of Cologne lived some good natured goblins that now and then appeared to mortal eyes and were always trying to make happier the troubled lives of human beings. In the grove and woodland caverns they had handsome homes of their own, wherein they dwelt and watched over the great treasures of the mines of the earth. Not infrequently these kindly elves were busy miners, and sometimes they were skillful artisans. As everybody knows, 'twas they who manufactured the precious trinkets and arms of the Nibelungen treasure.

Way down deep in the heart of the earth they lived together happily, and a king ruled over them.

Nevertheless the goblins did not stay underground all the time. On the contrary, frequently they came to the surface of the earth through certain holes which the people of the neighborhood called "goblin holes." Always, however, they took care never to meet human beings.

These merry little fellows were of different sizes. Some of them were no bigger than one's thumb. Others were as large as the hand of a child four years old.

Now, in the time of our story there lived in the beautiful city of Cologne a host of these friendly dwarfs, and the honest townspersons had many a tale to tell about them. Workmen and artisans especially gained through help of the friendly wights many more holidays than the calendar marked down for them.

For example, when the carpenters would throw themselves back on their benches for a snooze these little men



MANAGERS:

O. W. Carr & Co., Greensboro Loan & Trust Co., Insurance Dept., Dixie Fire Insurance Co., Local Agency Dept.

G. W. PATTERSON, President.

J. W. FRY, Vice-President.

O. L. GRUBBS, Secretary.

LULU B. CARE, Treasurer.

H. R. BUSH, Mem. Board Director.

Office: First floor Greensboro Loan & Trust Building.

Phone 312.

For Sale

One 6-room house near up town and near Church and Schools for the low price of \$2,000.00

One 6-room house near church, school and car line, in good neighborhood; if sold in the next few days can be bought for \$1,300.00

One 5-room cottage, well finished, near church, school and car line, in good neighborhood for \$1,250.00

Brown Real Estate Co.

109 E. Market St.

Yesterday's Session Of Municipal Court

In Municipal Court yesterday morning Frank Boyd was arraigned on the charge of shooting Eva Evans, the specific charge being assault with a deadly weapon. After hearing the evidence Judge Eure decided that he was not guilty of an assault. The woman was taxed with the costs. It developed that the woman first drew a gun on Boyd and as soon as she let the muzzle fall Boyd used his pistol with good effect. The court held that Boyd fired in self-defense.

Boyd was also charged with carrying a concealed weapon, in this case a fine of \$25 and costs being imposed.

Wife Sues For Damages.
New Orleans, May 4.—Alleging that her husband died leaving barely enough to meet his funeral expenses Mrs. Zelie Kennedy held the steamer "Oxonian," of the Leyland Line, responsible for his death and today filed suit to recover \$25,000 damages.

Preaching At Brown Summit.
On next Sunday at 4 p. m. Rev. J. W. Goodman will preach in the M. P. church at Brown Summit.

Fortunate.
"He always tries to save himself."
"Mighty lucky for him."
"Why?"
"Nobody else would take the trouble."

Mean Thing.
"She says she is bound to make herself beautiful."
"Poor thing! She has her life work cut out for her, then, hasn't she?"

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

WEATHER FORECAST.

Louisiana—Generally fair, warmer in West, Friday generally cloudy.

Arkansas—Unsettled, rising temperatures.

Oklahoma—Unsettled, rising temperatures.

East Texas—Unsettled, warmer in interior.

West Texas—Generally fair, warmer.

North Carolina—Fair.

South Carolina and Georgia—Fair in interior, cloudy on the coast.

Florida—Part cloudy local rains.

Alabama-Mississippi—Fair.

NO DISCONTENT AMONG TROOPS SAYS CARTER

Special to Telegram.

Washington, May 4.—General Carter, who is in command of the army maneuvers along the Mexican border, today wired President Taft that there was no truth in the report that there was discontent among the troops on duty. He stated that he had no knowledge of discontent on any cause for discontent and the recruits received in anticipation of active service exceed the per cent. of desertions.

LATE J. R. A. POWER LEFT LARGE ESTATE

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE CLOSE.

May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
94 1/2	7.90	7.82	7.74 1/2	7.74 1/2	7.08 1/2	6.91	6.85
May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
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Fitting Children's Shoes

BRING THE BOYS AND GIRLS to our Store to be fitted. We know how. It is more important to have a growing child's foot properly fitted with the right kind of Shoe than a grown person's, for the consequences of mistakes last longer. We will be glad to see the little folks.

J. M. Hendrix & Co.

TROLLEY

Car Crashes Into Coupe and two Women are Fatally Hurt.

The accident happened just outside the Frost residence. The coachman was turning the coupe around to the garden gate in order that the occupants might alight when the horses slipped on the trolley track and fell. A car was approaching and the brakes failed to respond to the efforts of the motorman. General Frost was walking across the lawn to meet his wife when the crash came.

MAY VOTE ON FREE LIST BILL SATURDAY.

Washington, May 4.—An attack on the Republican policy of protection marked the continuation of debate on the free list bill in the House today. Representative Clayton of Alabama, denounced the imposition of what he declared were prohibitive duties.

"The Republican party," he said, "makes a tariff to restrain the American market; to give unnatural and unequal benefits to the favored interests that have been fostered by the protective system and to allow them to exploit the American consumers by charging them excessive prices."

House leaders today expressed the hope that the so-called farmers' free list bill could be brought to a vote on Saturday. Many members are still pressing for time to debate the measure, however, and there may be a further delay. Chairman Underwood, of the ways and means committee, is anxious to get the free list bill out of the way, so that his committee can go ahead with its proposed revision of schedule K, of the Payne-Aldrich bill dealing with wool and woollens. The free list bill debate continued today.

FINANCIAL NEUTRALITY A PREVENTATIVE OF WAR.

Baltimore, Md., May 4.—James Speyer, a New York banker, aroused much enthusiasm at the meeting of the Third National Peace Congress today when he urged that "financial neutrality" be used as a preventative of war between nations. Huntington Wilson, assistant secretary of state, defined the "dollar diplomat" of an administrative policy to be nothing more than the substitution of "dollars for bullets."

GIRL

Perished in Fire at Newark, N. J. Yesterday—Man Also Missing.

Special to Telegram.
Newark, N. J., May 4.—One girl perished and a number of others were injured and one man is missing as a result of fire in the factory of the National Fireworks Company this afternoon. A small explosion started the fire.

GOING TO SUPREME COURT

That Tribunal Will Scrutinize Georgia's Liquor Laws.

Washington, D. C., May 4.—Georgia's liquor laws will be subjected to scrutiny by the Supreme Court of the United States in a case docketed today in that court. It is the case of the State against G. W. Cureton.

The question raised is whether the Georgia law of 1907, in prohibiting the sale of liquor within the State, applies to a transaction where persons living in Alabama or Tennessee order liquor of another in Tennessee, who ships the liquor through an agent in Georgia. Cureton is charged with receiving orders and payment for liquor at his office in Tennessee and directing his agent at Rising Fawn, Ga., to ship the liquor ordered. The State law claims that Cureton thereby made a sale in Georgia. Cureton claims the sale took place in Tennessee, and, furthermore, that the Georgia law is unconstitutional because it interferes with interstate commerce.

EIGHT SCALDED BY EXPLOSION.

Cleveland, O., May 4.—Eight men were scalded, two so seriously they may die, when the main steam pipe of a boiler on the steamer State of Ohio, operated by the Cleveland and Buffalo Transit Company exploded today.

The steamer was being overhauled and repaired in the Cleveland harbor in preparation for the first trip. Practically all the crew were aboard.

As the steamer was tied to the pier at the time of the explosion, the rescue work was greatly facilitated. Half a dozen ambulances answered a hurry call and conveyed the injured to the United States marine and Lakeside hospitals.

PRIZES FOR HEALTH ESSAYS AWARDED

Successful Contestants in Contest Inaugurated by Health Department of State Federation of Woman's Clubs.

Special to Telegram.
Raleigh, May 4.—Six North Carolina school children will have glad hearts this week when they receive one of the five dollar prizes for the best essay on one of the following subjects: General Sanitation, Hookworm Disease, and Tuberculosis. Two prizes were offered for the best essay on each of the subjects, one prize to go for the best essay by a child under fifteen years of age, the other for the best essay by a child over fourteen years of age. The committee awarded the prizes as follows:

General Sanitation.

Under 15 years of age, Augus Travis, Weldon, age 12.

Over 14 years of age, Rozena Penyman, postoffice address not known.

Hookworm Disease.

Under 15 years of age, Sarah Richardson, postoffice address not known, age 14.

Over 14 years of age, Oliver Rand, Smithfield, age 15.

Tuberculosis.

Under 15 years of age, Edith Farmer, Raleigh, age 11.

Over 14 years of age, Inez Grace Wilkes, Chadbourne, age 16.

These prizes were offered by the health department of the State Federation of Women's Clubs through the activity of Mrs. W. N. Hutt, chairman of the Health Department, Raleigh. It is hoped to have another set of prizes offered for similar work next school term so that the school children will do well to acquaint themselves with health matters. The State Board of Health sends out free literature on request.

Mrs. Hutt will appreciate knowing the address of Sarah Richardson, or Rozena Penyman.

Executive Secretary Laymen's Movement

A few months ago a conference of missionary workers was held in this city, under the direction of Messrs. J. Campbell White and Chas. H. Pratt, Secretaries of the Laymen's Missionary Movement. This meeting decided that it would be well to employ an executive secretary, in order that the plans suggested by the Laymen's Missionary Movement might be carried out to better advantage. A number of the citizens of Greensboro became responsible for the salary and expenses of the General Secretary for a few months.

Rev. John McEachern has been secured for the position and is expected to arrive on May 10th to take up the work. Mr. Chas. H. Pratt, will be in Greensboro on next Monday to confer with the local committee in regard to the plan of campaign.

This is regarded as an important step in the forward movement for missions, which was inaugurated in this city during the Laymen's Convention in January last year. After completing his engagement here, it is expected that Mr. McEachern will work in other sections of the State, using the larger cities as a base.

Women and Society

Mrs. Earley, of Philadelphia, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. B. MacKenzie.

Mrs. F. R. McNinch, of Charlotte, is visiting her mother, Mrs. P. L. Groome, Pomona.

Miss Blanche Bradshaw, of High Point, is the guest of Mrs. R. T. Rosemond.

Miss Emma Slater left yesterday afternoon on a visit to relatives and friends in Richmond and Washington.

Mrs. Ralph Cott, of Raleigh, spent yesterday in the city with friends.

Miss Louise Troy, of Durham, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. J. W. Long, Church street.

The Gleaner Missionary Society of West Market Street church will meet in the church parlor Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Miss Woodley's Recital.

This evening at 8:30 o'clock at Greenboro Female College Miss Annie Woodley will give her graduate recital in piano. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Ice Cream Supper.

An ice cream supper will be given at the Pomona Graded School this evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. Cream, cake and coffee will be served. The public invited.

Ethridge-Newland.

Friends here have received invitations to the marriage of Miss Jo Newland, daughter of Lieutenant Governor W. C. Newland, to Mr. David M. Ethridge, of Norfolk, the marriage to take place in the Presbyterian church at Lenoir, May 17. An accompanying card reads: "At home 'Westover,' Norfolk, Va., after June 14."

Graduating Recital.

Tonight at the Normal College Miss Slaughter will give her recital.

Owing to raising the standard and creating a course in music leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Music, the Normal College has only one graduate in the music department this year. The first graduate with the degree of Bachelor of Music is Miss Hulda Slaughter and she gives her recital tonight in the auditorium of the Students building.

The public is cordially invited to attend.

There are quite a number of Juniors in the course who will be candidates for the degree next year.

Cox-Wall.

Last evening at 9:30 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Davis, 209 Humphrey avenue, Miss Mary Wall became the bride of John T. Cox, the ceremony being performed by Rev. E. K. McLarty, pastor of West Market Street Methodist church. Only intimate friends and relatives were present to witness the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Cox left last night on No. 12 for Richmond and other places. On their return they will reside at 213 East Gaston street.

The bride is from Randolph county, but for the past four years she has made Greensboro her home, at the time of her marriage holding the position of night chief operator for the Southern Bell Telephone Company.

She is a charming young lady and has many friends throughout the city. Mr. Cox has been connected with the fire department of the city for the past 15 years, being at present superintendent of the fire alarm system and assistant engineer of the fire engine. In addition to this he has been commissary agent for the city and looked after the purchase of the feedstuff for the city horses. He is a popular and efficient employee and has hundreds of friends throughout the city.

PERSONAL MENTION

W. H. Slater continues quite ill at his home on North Elm street.

E. Pool has returned from High Point where he attended the meeting of the Funeral Directors and Embalmers' Association. Geo. L. Stansbury also attended the sessions, returning home yesterday.

Rev. and Mrs. A. D. Betts have returned from a visit to friends and relatives in the eastern part of the state.

M. L. Bloomberg, of Richmond, spent yesterday in the city.

Dr. Foye Roberson, of Philadelphia, is here on a visit to his brother, Dr. Charles Roberson.

J. D. Helms, of Winston-Salem, spent yesterday in the city.

Fred A. Hull, of Asheville, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Miller Elam, of Lynchburg, are visiting at the home of Mrs. J. H. Camden, South Eugene street.

Rev. T. F. McCulloch, who has been visiting relatives in the city, left yesterday.

COMFORTABLE, EASY WEARING BOYS' gun metal oxfords, size 9 to 13 1-2, \$1.85, sizes 1 to 5 1-2, \$1.60.

Better grades in vic, gun metal and patent col. at very attractive prices. Thacker & Brockmann.

NEW VELVET PUMPS, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Suede pumps, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Rib silk pumps, \$3.50. Patent and vic kid pumps and ties, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Ladies' who know it to be a fact will tell you this store is the best place in town to buy popular priced footwear. Thacker & Brockmann.

TIME for spring house-cleaning is about here and you will want something new in the ways of mattings, rugs, art squares or curtains. Visit our carpet department at your earliest convenience. Lots of new things here to interest housekeepers, very moderately priced. Thacker & Brockmann.

NEW Barefoot Sandals, small children's sizes 5 to 8, 85 cents, \$1.10 and \$1.25. Children's 8 1-2 to 11, \$1.00 and \$1.35, 11 1-2 to 2, \$1.15 and \$1.60, 2 1-2 to 6, \$1.35 and \$2.00. Boys' Tennis shoes, 11 to 2, 65 cents. Girls' Tennis shoes, 11 to 2, 65 cents. Women's 75 cents. Men's 90 cents. Thacker & Brockmann.

INFANTS' soft sole slippers and shoes, black, white tan and patent kid, sizes 0 to 4, 25 and 50 cents. Big line infants, misses and children's pumps and slippers at popular prices. Thacker & Brockmann.

CALL 431

Your telephone connects you with our store. If there is anything you want, just ring us up and give us your order. This brings our store right to your door. Instruct your physician to have us fill your prescriptions. They will be filled right and the price will be right.

FORDHAM'S DRUG STORE

515 South Elm St. C. C. Fordham, Prop.

W. E. CHILTON.

One of the New Senators From West Virginia, Who is a Lawyer.

SIGNAL CORPS AT WORK.

Sending Messages by Heliograph to an Aviator High in the Air.



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BARTHOLDI SELECTED.

Will Represent United States at Presentation of Statue to Kaiser.

Washington, May 4.—Representative Bartholdi, of Missouri, has been selected by President Taft to represent the United States at the presentation to the German Emperor of a replica in a miniature of the statue of Baron Von Steuben, recently unveiled here. The date has not been set.

PLANS DISCUSSED FOR NEW A. & M. COLLEGE BUILDING.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, May 4.—The Executive Committee of the State Board of Agriculture today discussed plans for the \$30,000 animal industry building that the recent Legislature required the Department of Agriculture to provide for the A. & M. College. No contract has yet been awarded for the construction of the building.



Are You Pleased With Your MATTRESS AND SPRING?

We have made special Springs for people customers, and therefore we can please all.

Our hand laid Elastic Felt Mattress is the best value on earth for the money. All prices from \$7.00 to \$15.00. You can't afford to be without a good mattress.

C. O. FORBIS,

120-122-124 East Market Street
Below Post Office

AN INTIMATE INTRODUCTION TO GOVERNOR THOMAS R. MARSHALL OF INDIANA

By JAMES W. REILLY.

When Thomas R. Marshall became Governor of Indiana it was generally asserted and generally believed that he was "no politician," but merely a good, old-fashioned lawyer with ideals too impractical for modern use and a grasp of public affairs that comes from study and thought, rather than from actual experience. This belief was wide spread notwithstanding the fact that the Governor had headed a ticket which had gone down to defeat save for himself and two others, and notwithstanding the more significant fact that his own election represented a reversal in four years time of more than 100,000 votes.

Two years in office have changed this belief, however, and even the politicians of the State are willing to bow to the political wisdom of the Governor. To the politician nothing succeeds like success and the success of numerous party plans forced by the Governor has elevated him to the unquestioned and unquestionable leadership of Indiana Democracy—and this without any conscious effort on the part of the Governor to win leadership, his sole purpose throughout having been to guide his party aright.

In 1896 the Republicans swept Indiana and in 1898 they repeated the performance. This gave them two United States Senators. From that time until 1908 the Democrats were apparently in a hopeless minority. Then came the Marshall campaign, when the Democrats won the Governorship, a couple of minor State officers, and a United States Senatorship. This was an entering wedge which the Governor knew could be used to tear wide open the Republican party, if properly handled. His ideas, and those of the managers of his party, did not at many times coincide, but sitting in the gubernatorial chair he went ahead and administered the affairs of the State according to his own ideas, offering no compromise to those who disagreed with him, but constantly insisting that an honest difference of opinion between honest men left no room for personal animosity or factionalism. In this way the Governor preserved the friendship and admiration of those who held opposing views, but at the same time succeeded in putting his own ideas into execution.

As one after another of the Marshalls ideas "stuck" and became justified in the light of succeeding events, it became more and more apparent that the "no politician" of the Governor's office was after all no slouch in political exigencies and that his foresight and thorough knowledge of conditions and needs afforded splendid equipment for leadership. And thus it is that the Governor stands today as the undisputed leader of his party in the State, with no machine at his back, and no graveyard filled with the bones of his political enemies. And what is cherished by the Governor, far more than the leadership, is the confidence and admiration of his fellow men that he has retained throughout.

The most serious clash that the Governor has had with the managers of his party followed his suggestion, a year ago, that the Democratic State Convention nominate a United States Senator to oppose Albert J. Beveridge in the 1910 campaign. This met violent opposition, but the plan carried and was justified almost as soon as the campaign was opened. Long before election day men who had opposed the plan most bitterly, came to the Governor and graciously doffed their caps to what they called the Governor's superior political wisdom. The returns of the 1910 election are still vividly recalled by the Democrats of the country, but it may be noted in passing that Governor Marshall is not now the only Democrat in the big gray capitol building at Indianapolis. The whole State ticket, and twelve out of thirteen Congressmen were elected. The Legislature was overwhelmingly Democratic and the Hon. John Worth Kern is now fighting the people's battle in the United States Senate.

Governor Marshall has pronounced views on all question and is refreshingly frank in expressing them. He feels that the people are to be trusted and that the success of a righteous cause is inevitable if the people are fully informed as to its righteousness. He therefore, boldly and clearly lets the people of Indiana know what he is doing and why. His most recent move has for its object the adoption by the State of a new constitution. Changes in the document have been needed for years because of growth and changed conditions, but repeated efforts by both political parties, singly, and even working together had met with failures. With a working Democratic majority in each branch of the General Assembly the Governor conceived the idea of asking the Assembly to present to the voters of the State, for their ratification or rejection at the election in 1912, a new Constitution, embodying the changes which had universally and by all classes been conceded as needful and preserving intact the old sections, which neither time nor growth had weakened.

Constitutional lawyers in the Repub-

lican party threw their hands up in horror and argued themselves red in the face against the proposition, but the Governor calmly retorted that the right of the people, at any time to change the method and form of their government is secured to them by the Declaration of Independence and the Bill of Rights. He boldly defended his plan from the stump and in the press, and the valiant Democrats of the Assembly backed him up, with the result that the new Constitution is now before the people. The Democratic party stands solid in its support, and the campaign of education now being conducted throughout the State at the Governor's suggestion bids fair to reap its reward in harvest of votes two years hence. Opposition is even now melting away and the prediction has been made by Republican leaders that their party will not dare oppose the new instrument in the next campaign.

If the Governor's political philosophy were to be reduced to a single fundamental it could be expressed in a half dozen words as follows: A firm belief in the people. He thoroughly believes that the people can work out their own political salvation and that the voice of the people, when they are aroused, is the voice of God. Slumbering on their rights is, however, according to the Governor's belief, one of the weaknesses that the people are prone to develop. He has often said:

"The people must not be allowed to fall back into their sleep. They must be kept awake. They must be made to feel that this is their government. We should constantly remind the individual American that government is a matter of personal concern to him; that it is not an impersonal or impalpable something in which his interest is remote or academic. When he realizes this, as he will and must, he will make a successful effort to elect honest and fair-minded men to office. He will frankly admit that when he buys bad government he must do just what he does when he buys bad eggs—punish the grocer if he can; if not, throw the eggs away and be more careful next time. Legislate as you will, load the statute books as you please, but until we have public officials who acknowledge allegiance to nothing but the Constitution, and people who are not complacent with any other kind we will have unrest."

The people are rapidly developing their conscience to the fact that there is no place this side of Tophet where a man can afford to be dishonest, or where he can afford to let his individual belief stand in the way of the continuance of the Republic. This indicates a return to our ancient ideals with reference to the powers and duties of public officials. They must be kept strictly within the specified limitations of their Constitutional powers."

His belief in the people to govern themselves leads the Governor to feel that there is a tendency toward too much legislation. He has repeatedly declared in his public utterances that honesty, sobriety and industry cannot be legislated into a man; that these traits must come from the man himself. He believes that the American people are "government sick." Only recently he stated, semi-seriously, in one of his addresses—

"Nowadays a man doesn't need to have a conscience. He must merely live by law. Our legislatures have given us so many laws that every citizen from the Governor to the last admitted alien may break a law every day, never know it and never do any harm. We are lawed from cradle to grave. I have no objection to political law, but in recent years the Puritanism of ancient days has broken out and we have legislated upon moral questions until a man has no legal right to enjoy his own liberty or exercise his own individuality. There is a special statute for his every act, and his life politically, economically and morally is prescribed for him."

"I cannot say that civilization is not progressing. And I believe that as it progresses written rules for conduct should decrease in number. We should stop manifolding our laws. We should not make law violators of men who have done no real wrong. What we need is a more perfect system of law enforcement. We will not have proper respect for the law so long as there exists legal loopholes through which wealthy violators may be jammed by high-priced lawyers. Honest enforcement of the law against the rich and poor alike will obviate the apparent need of more legislation."

Close friends of Governor Marshall says that if the writing of the next Democratic National platform were left to him that document would contain three planks as follows:

A tariff for revenue only.
Honesty and economy in government.
Strict independence of the co-ordinate branches of government, particularly of the legislative and executive branches.

The Governor feels that former Democratic platforms have covered too many subjects and that needed emphasis on these three fundamental principles has been lacking.

"Will not your tariff for revenue on-

ly plank drive some Democrats out of the party?" the Governor was asked, and he answered:

"It will drive out of the party some who think they are Democrats. It will bring into the party many who hold such political belief from force of habit or by inheritance. We have heard much, particularly in the last campaign, of a third party. All this talk has come from the Republican side of the political household. This is a natural result when new alignments are the order of the day and party disintegration is at work. All parties are being affected by this disintegration. Old ties are being shaken off. New alliances are being formed. The spirit of political independence is in the air. Party solidarity has not its former weight. Men are thinking for themselves and listening less to political and business bosses. Personally, however, I do not think a new party will result. I believe that the Republican party will soon become the gathering place of all those who believe in the protective principles. It will attract all those, many of whom now profess allegiance elsewhere, who believe that government exists for the benefit and profit of the few—that its function is to aid those divinely or providentially chosen, even though such aids consist in taking away from others things belonging to them. Those opposed to this theory of government will be driven into the Democratic party."

It is a division of the people as old as government itself. It is rapidly developing in this country. We are now, in fact, on an aristocratic basis. Special privilege is a monarchical idea. The strange thing is that many people believe they are doing right for themselves in lending support to this scheme of government. Eventually, of course, they will learn differently. That is why I am convinced that the one platform plank necessary is a tariff for revenue only. It marks plainly the division between privilege or aristocracy and popular rights of Democracy. Let us have a clean-cut fight on that issue. If we go down in defeat it then will be time enough for us to get into the world fight for trade supremacy by artificial stimulation and to acknowledge our belief in special privileges for a few. However, my study has always convinced me that in a people's fight the people win."

Viewed personally Governor Marshall is the personification of pure Democracy—plain, simple, direct and sincere in manner. He speaks readily and pointedly and has a homely way of expressing his homely ideas. He is a slight man of medium height, with clear blue eyes, a gray mustache and heavy iron-gray hair. Before becoming Governor he had never sought nor held political office, although he had been an active member of his party for many years. He is a native of Indiana, having been born in Wabash county in 1854. He received a common school education and was graduated from Wabash College, of which institution he is now and has been for years, a trustee. He was admitted to the practice of law on his twenty-first birthday and continued in the practice in Columbia City until he was elected Governor. His tastes are academic, good literature being a specialty with him and though not a scholar in the true sense of the word, he prides himself on knowing some Latin and Greek, even though it be little of the former and less of the latter. Reading is his chief diversion and the deeper the worries of the day the lighter the fiction of the night. He has the happy faculty of throwing off office cares upon leaving the office, and the evening of a worrisome day filled with difficult problems of State administration, will find him deeply absorbed in the intricacies of a thrilling detective story. He does not play golf nor take to outdoor sports, but he enjoys walking and spends much time in the open air. His tastes of dress and habits are very Democratic to the point, in fact, of making himself liable to criticism by persistently wearing a sack coat when the ordinary rules of convention would demand a frock. He walks to and from the office, prefers a downtown restaurant to a fashionable club for his noon-day lunch, and gets more real enjoyment out of a small dinner party, with a few close friends, than from the more pretentious society functions. His domestic tastes are encouraged by Mrs. Marshall who, though social favorite, prefers the home to society's circle. Mrs. Marshall is a woman of charming personality and much culture. She accompanies the Governor on all his trips, political, business and social, and points with pride to the fact that she and the Governor have never been separated over night during their wedded life.

Mrs. Marshall has pronounced views as to woman's rightful place in the general scheme of creation. These may in part be negatively stated: She does not view the ballot with covetous eyes. She does not beat impatient wings against the bars of convention, nor chafe impatiently at woman's restrictions. She has no burning desire to "reform" any-

Foley's Kidney Remedy Acted Quickly. M. N. George, Irondale, Ala., was bothered with kidney trouble for many years. "I was persuaded to try Foley Kidney Remedy, and before taking it three days I could feel its beneficial effects. The pain left my back, my kidney action cleared up, and I am so much better I do not hesitate to recommend Foley Kidney Remedy." For Sale by Howard Gardner.

"I hardly knew your father today," said the district visitor pleasantly to the little girl. "He's cut his beard off again. That's three times since a year ago." The little girl explained: "It ain't father done it. Father likes his beard on. But muver's stuffin' the sofa.—London Chronicle.

Talk to Mothers. There is need in the home for cuts, bruises, sores and sprains, children and others are heirs to a real good antiseptic liniment, one which will not burn and hurt worse than the wound itself, and which will give the greatest relief and prevent scars. Vick's Liniment is prepared for this purpose. Take this suggestion from a trained druggist who knows.

"Binks used to be daft on the subject of buried treasure. What's he up to now?" "He's got up an expedition to Asia Minor to try to find the place where Methuselah stored his birthday presents."—Toledo Blade.

A Spring Suggestion by a Trained Drug-gist.

Appendicitis and many other ills come from Constipation and over-loading with food which the system cannot care for. The bowels must be cleared and anti-septiced to give their normal functions and this should not be done by strong Cathartics, as every physician will tell you. Vick's Little Liver Pills have been the bowls and mild stimulation to the lazy liver and thus cure trouble in adults and children.

There's a heap of good bread-and-butter brains wasted trying to do something in fine arts.—New York Press.

thing or anybody. Her big brown eyes have in them none of the strain that comes from brooding upon the wrongs of the poor, down-trodden sex, but only the light of a bright and cultured mind and the softly happy shine of a sweet, contented spirit. One's first thought on looking into the almost girlish face of the gracious woman is, "Ah, your lines have fallen in pleasant places!" one's second, "But you are of those to whom the pleasant things of life belong by virtue of a wholesome, unspoiled na-

ture."

Mrs. Marshall has long been prominent in northern Indiana both socially and in club work; but the vital interests of her life have centered always in her home.—The National Monthly.

Your Guess Worth \$2.50

Guess the name of the goose that we had in the Greensboro Drug Co.'s window at Easter and get \$2.50 in gold. Give the guess to the Greensboro Drug Co. Goose Grease Co.

It Started the World.

When the astounding claims were first made for Buckle's Arnica Salve, but forty years of wonderful cures have proved them true, and everywhere it is known now as the best salve on earth for Burns, Boils, Scalds, Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Swellings, Eczema, Chapped hands, Fever Sores and Piles. Only 25¢ at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

The world is still waiting to see a statesman who can sit on a barbed-wire fence and placidly pose for his picture.—Atlanta Constitution.

Do Ghosts Haunt Swamps?

No. Never. Its foolish to fear a fanatical evil, when there are real and deadly perils to guard against in swamps and marshes, bayous, and lowlands. These are the malaria germs that causeague, chills and fever, weakness, aches in the bones and muscles and may induce deadly typhoid. But Electric Bitters destroys and casts out these vicious germs from the blood. "Three bottles drove all the malaria from my system," wrote Wm. Fretwell of Larama, N. C., "and I've had fine health ever since." Use this safe, sure remedy only, 50¢ at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

Although the new Committee on Elections in the United States Senate is packed for William Lorimer, that is no sign that a majority of the new Senate will keep him in his purchased seat.—Philadelphia Record.

Foley Kidney Pills are a true medicine. They are healing, strengthening, antiseptic and tonic. They act quickly.

"There's such a thing as spoiling a person's good looks by praising them." "How?" "Well, I told Agnes she had a beautiful nose, and she has made herself cross-eyed looking at it."—Buffalo Times.

Foley's Kidney Remedy Acted Quickly.

M. N. George, Irondale, Ala., was bothered with kidney trouble for many years. "I was persuaded to try Foley Kidney Remedy, and before taking it three days I could feel its beneficial effects. The pain left my back, my kidney action cleared up, and I am so much better I do not hesitate to recommend Foley Kidney Remedy." For Sale by Howard Gardner.

Don't judge a man by his bookshelves. He may have a bill of sale on somebody else's.

The man who makes others welcome will never lack a roof when he most needs it.

No matter how unfortunate you believe yourself to be, you will always find someone willing to change places with you.

There are four ways of getting a rise in the world, viz., air ships, hard work, influence and dynamite. The last is a certainty.

Most famous writers advise young authors to throw their first efforts into the waste paper basket. This is superfluous, as the editors generally do that.

You can tell that women have no sense of humor by the way they look at their hats without laughing.

The man who doesn't like to be laughed at hasn't the sense to laugh at himself.

WILL REORGANIZE.

New Interests to Be Admitted to Baldwin Locomotive Works.

Philadelphia, May 4.—That the directors and stockholders of the Baldwin Locomotive Works had decided today to reconstruct the present close corporation in such a way as to admit new interests into the company was admitted tonight by the officials of the company. It was stated that Drexel & Company, of this city, and White, Weld & Company, of New York, would act as bankers in the matter. How the change would be effected was not stated. Vice-President Johnson, who made an official statement on behalf of the company, declared that the details of the reorganization had not been completed.

"When I saw Mann in action," he said, "I thought it was all up with us. I went over and told Oscar Underwood that he had better withdraw the bill and give up. But Oscar seemed cool and said he guessed he'd let the debate run on for a few days. That rather reassured me, and now I think we have completely recovered from the attack of Mann and will go ahead and pass the bill."

Why He Was Outside.

Congressman Prince of Illinois was out in the capitol grounds with a constituent one day when the house was in session. "What are you doing out here?" he was asked. "Don't you know that Ollie James of Kentucky is talking in the house?"

"That's why I'm out here," said Prince. "If you listen closely you can hear him here."

James does talk very loud.

Respect For the President.

During the discussion of the Canadian reciprocity bill in the house many Republicans were obliged to take directly opposite grounds to the president, but they were generally respectful about it. "The president was misled," they said, or "the president was misinformed," or a like expression. That was in debate. In private conversation some of them said things which were more pointed and less respectful.

ROOSEVELT HAS MANY BACKERS

Former President Is Holding Conferences.

NOT SEEKING A NOMINATION.

He Merely Wants Republican Platform to Be So Radical Democrats Will Be Forced to Name Conservative Candidate—Some of the Strong Insurgents Object to Oyster Bay Man.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN. Washington, May 4.—(Special.)

Theodore Roosevelt may be down and out of politics, but such is not the opinion of many Republicans with whom he has been consulting during the last few months.

Men who have influence in public affairs are sent for from time to time, and they have listened to Roosevelt discourse on what he thinks should be done. Some of them agree with him on many things, but the radical views of Roosevelt on several questions have been a little more than several have been able to swallow. Now, it is not to be inferred that Roosevelt is trying to get a nomination, but he is trying to make the next platform radical enough so that there will have to be a Democratic conservative candidate.

At present there seems to be a race to see which of the two parties will be the more radical in its platform declarations next year—that is, if the progressives of the Republicans can have their way, and it appears that a radical platform is all they can get out of the national convention, for it is conceded that President Taft will be re-nominated.

Roosevelt Making Converts.

In his own way it may be said that Roosevelt is making converts of many men who are reckoned now as regular and have no particular affiliation with the insurgents. Another curious thing is that the very strong insurgents are not particularly pleased with Roosevelt. He has done many things which they think stamp him as a "trimmer." Such is the opinion of men like Cummings, La Follette and Bourne, the most pronounced leaders of the progressive faction in the senate. But there are many who are not quite so radical who are listening to and taking counsel with the ex-president.

Grounds Are Wasted.

So far as the enjoyment of the average legislator is concerned, the capitol grounds are wasted. At Ottawa the beautiful grounds surrounding the parliament buildings are used by members for recreation and pleasure. Here in Washington, although the capitol grounds are very fine, it is seldom that a member of either house is seen strolling about them or in any way taking in their beauty.

If a member of congress does not remain in the chamber listening to the proceedings he is

OUR SPRING LINE OF
Ladies' and Children's
PARASOLS

Is Complete and Ready for
Your Inspection.

Ask to See the
'Palm' Parasol
S. L. Gilmer & Co.

The Greensboro Telegram No. 9
BASEBALL COUPON.

This coupon, signed with the name and address of any baseball fan—man, woman, boy or girl—when presented at the office of the GREENSBORO TELEGRAM together with eleven (11) others consecutively numbered, is good for a copy of "FACTS FOR FANS"—a complete record of all important baseball happenings, rules, individual averages, team averages, players names for all organized leagues, etc.

Name
Address

YOU MUST HAVE TWELVE (12) COUPONS

consecutively numbered. Begin with any number and save the next 11 coupons. Present these at the office in person or mail them in (when mailing send 2 cent stamp for return postage) and get a copy with our compliments.

SEASONABLE FURNITURE

Now that the spring weather has come, we have Furniture to suit the weather. Refrigerators, Porch Furniture, Hammocks, Lawn Swings. Everything to Make You Comfortable in Hot Weather Come Early and Get Your Choice of Selection.

HUNTLEY-STOCKTON-HILL Co

THE LEADERS.

UNDERTAKING OUR SPECIALTY.
Day 762 Night 1442

BUILDING MATERIAL

He Who Builds of Good Material Builds But Once.

We have at all times a well assorted stock

Flooring, Ceiling
Siding, Shingles, Etc.,

and can PROMPTLY supply your needs in any quality for either Bungalow or Mansion, both in hard or soft woods.

We also have a stock of the celebrated KINGS WINDSOR Cement Wall Plaster, Hydrated Lime and Paroid Roofing. Both Plaster and Roofing used extensively by the U. S. Government. This alone is a very good recommendation.

Phone us to come take measurements and furnish Window and Door Screens.

Screen early and keep flies out.

Estimates cheerfully furnished.

**GUILFORD LUMBER
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IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

CASHION WINS HIS OWN GAME FROM PATRIOTS

Greenville, S. C., May 4.—Cashion won his own game from the Greensboro boys here this afternoon, the score standing 10 to 2, allowing only one hit up to the eighth inning. He struck out eight men and also secured a single, a double and a triple, bringing in runs each time. Fisher was in poor form but he received much better support from hind fielders than was given Cashion. Greensboro's two runs were made on a single, a double by Bentley and a wild throw. The only features were two beautiful catches by Jenkins.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Greenville ... 210 002 50x—10 18 5
Greensboro ... 000 000 020—2 4 2
Cashion and Kite; Fisher and Nipper.

MORE SLUGGING ON WINSTON DIAMOND

Winston-Salem, May 4.—There was more slugging in the game this afternoon, but the locals did the most of it, and won 8 to 6. Swindell was in better form than Salzsinger, but could not find the plate in the eighth and walked two men who scored later. In the ninth he hit hard and cleanly for two more runs.

The Twins were one behind until their half of the eighth, when they hammered Salzsinger for five runs. In this inning Swindell hit one over the right field fence and scored a man ahead of him, winning his own game. J. Clancy put one over the same place in the fourth.

The fielding of Mullin and McEnroe featured the work of the outfield; Schumaker and McCarthy played a great game in the infield.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Anderson ... 010 100 022—6 10 2
Winston-Salem ... 020 100 05x—8 15 3
Batteries: For Anderson, Salzsinger and Klock; for Winston-Salem, Swindell and Galvin.

Smoker Saturday Night.
An informal smoker will be given in the rooms of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Club Saturday night.

Lord, Brainy Third Baseman

Guardian of Last Station For Chicago Americans Considered by Many to Be Greatest In Game Today



RESULTS OF BIG LEAGUE GAMES

Nationals.

At Boston—New York 7, Boston 2.
—

At Philadelphia—Brooklyn 0, Philadelphia 6.

At Pittsburgh—St. Louis 1, Pittsburgh 17.

—

At Chicago—Cincinnati 5, Chicago 9.

—

At New York—New York 0, Boston 2.

—

At Washington—Philadelphia 6, Washington 2.

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At Cleveland—Chicago 7, Cleveland 1.

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At St. Louis—Detroit 4, St. Louis 2.

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